## Contact Information

Address: Department of Mathematics Norweigian University of Natural Science and Technology Høgskoleringen 1, 7491 Trondheim, Norway
Telephone: +4792379986
E-mail: yan.he@ntnu.no

## Personal Data

Year of Birth: 1993
Nationality: P.R.China
Marital status: Single

## Education

| $2012-2016$ | BS | Mathematics | Renmin University of China |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2016-2021$ | PhD | Mathematics | University of Houston |
| 2021-present | Postdoctor | NTNU |  |

## Dissertation Adviser: Min Ru

## Research Publications

1. Yan He and Min Ru. The stability threshold and Diophantine approximation, Proc. Amer. Math. Soc., Ser. B 9(2002),241253.
2. Dong, X., He, Y. $\mathcal{E}$ Ru, M. Nevanlinna theory through the Brownian motion. Sci. China Math. 62, 2131-2154 (2019). https://doi.org/10.1007/s114 019-9548-y
3. Yan He and Min Ru, Nevanlinna and algebraic hyperbolicity, Internat. J. Math., 32(2021), No. 12, Paper No. 2140015, 38 pp.
4. Yan He and Min Ru, A generalized subspace theorem for closed subschemes in sub-general position, Journal of Number theory, 229(2021), 125-141.

## Papers presented

- Talk: Nevanlinna Theory and Brown Motion, "Complex geometry and several complex variables at Shanghai Center for Mathematical Sciences", July 2019.


## Visits

- Diophantine Approximation and Value Distribution Theory at the interface of Arithmetic and Complex Hyperbolic Geometry at UQAM, Montreal, July 2019.
- Texas Geometry and Topology Conference, TAMU, November 2019.


## Teaching Experience (selected)

- Intermediate Analysis (3333) Grader, fall 2020, summer 2020.
- Differential Geometry (4350, 4351) Grader, fall 2016, spring 2017, fall 2018, spring 2019, fall 2019.
- Abstract Algebra (3330) Grader, spring 2017.
- Calculus I Lab, fall 2017.
- Calculus III Lab, spring 2017, spring 2018.
- Lecturer of Fourier analysis, spring 2023. https://wiki.math.ntnu.no/tma4170/2023r


## Major areas of research interest

Nevanlinna theory and Diophantine Approximation, hyperbolicity of complex varieties, Brunn-Minkovskii theory.

